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# MIXING TECHNOLOGY DYNAMIC MIXERS



## AGITATORS OR DYNAMIC MIXERS

Dynamic mixers are mostly found in following applications:

- Water Treatment
- Blending
- Dispersion (Immiscible Systems)
- Reactions in Solutions (Miscible Systems)
- Dissolution
- Solids Suspension
- Gas Applications
- High Viscosity Applications
- Heat Transfer
- Crystallization or Precipitation



Example application of dynamic mixers for water treatment field:

- Reagent preparation
- Neutralization
- Suspension of sledges
- Lime and active carbon Solution Preparation
- Polymers
- Solution preparation
- Potabilization

## Motor electrical characteristic

- Supply: 230/400 V three phase
- Protection: IP 55
- Insulation class B (minimum)
- Motor speed 1500 rpm
- Motors are in accordance with national and international standards
- On request: specific or special motors are available



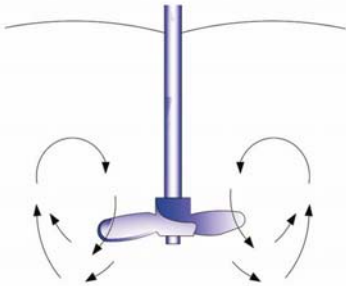


### CHOICE OF MIXING ELEMENT

#### Marine type Propellers:

##### Economic blending for small volumes

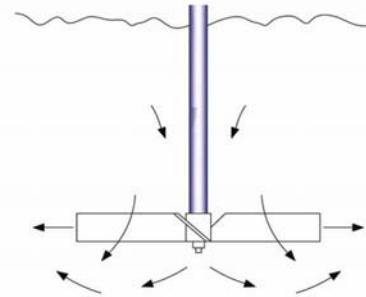
These traditional mixing elements are used for solids dissolution or suspension, liquid-liquid blending, and preparation emulsion. They generate a medium level of turbulence. For reasons of weight, these propellers are only used at small diameters and most often operate at high speeds (direct drive).



#### Axial propellers with pitched, plane blades:

##### Economic for small and medium volume agitators

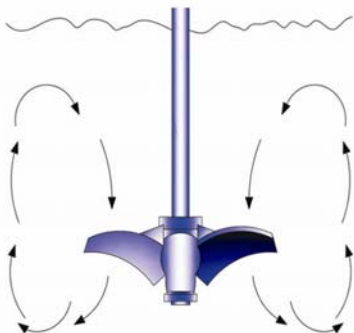
The flow generated by this type of mixing element is predominately axial with a radial element. It is used for suspending or for heat transfer in a non-viscous medium. The pitched propeller blades operate at a speed low and generate a higher level of turbulence. The basic mixing elements are often sufficient for simple applications.



#### Propeller with "SABER" profile blades:

##### Blending with a minimum of energy consumption

The flow created is predominately axial. These profiles are ideal for a large number of applications, in particular for those needing high speeds and low energy consumption, liquid-solid suspensions for example. They operate at low speed with a very weak or moderate level of turbulence.



#### Flat blade propellers:

##### Process mixing

They are well adapted for gas-liquid transfer as well as transfer in a non-viscous medium. The flow created is radial and with high turbulence.

